

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} x^n$$

$$f_n(x) = x^n$$

• bel. konv.

fix x: $\sum x^n$ $\searrow$ $x \in (-1, 1)$

• stetig konv. $x \in (-1, 1)$

fix n

$$r_n = \sup_{x \in (-1, 1)} |x^n| = 1$$

$$\sum r_n = \sum 1 \quad \text{D} \quad \text{---} \quad \text{Newline wie}$$

• $[-1, 1]$ $0 < \alpha < 1$

$$r_n = \sup_{x \in [-1, 1]} |x^n| = 1$$

$$\sum 1^n \text{ konv.} \Rightarrow \sum x^n \Rightarrow \text{na } [-1, 1]$$

Zuvers.: $\sum x^n \xrightarrow{\text{loc}} \text{na } (-1, 1)$

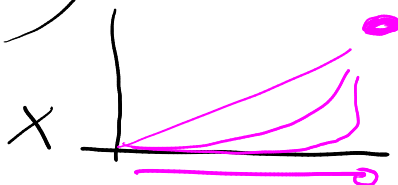
? $\sum \xrightarrow{\text{---}} \text{na } (-1, 1)$ X

$f_n \xrightarrow{\text{---}} 0$ na $(-1, 1)$?

? $x^n \xrightarrow{\text{---}} 0$? na $(-1, 1)$ X

(2. gleiches zitat $\rightarrow$ NE)

Zuvers.: $\sum x^n \not\xrightarrow{\text{---}} \text{na } (-1, 1)$



$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \underbrace{\ln \left(1 + \frac{2x}{x^2 + n^2} \right)}_{f_n} \quad x \in [0, \infty)$$

• bound. $\leq$ f_n

$$\ln(1+z) \leq z \Leftrightarrow -1$$

fix $x \in [0, \infty)$

$$\sum \ln \left(1 + \frac{2x}{x^2 + n^2} \right) \leq \sum \frac{2x}{x^2 + n^2} \leq 2x \underbrace{\sum \frac{1}{n^2}}_2 \quad \therefore$$

$$\text{LSS } b_n = \frac{1}{n^2}$$

$$\sum f_n \leq \forall x \in [0, \infty)$$

• Stegmon. na $[0, k]$

fix n

$$\bar{V}_n := \sup_{x \in [0, k]} \underbrace{\left| \ln \left(1 + \frac{2x}{x^2 + n^2} \right) \right|}_{\geq 0}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \ln \left(1 + \frac{2x}{x^2 + n^2} \right) &\leq \frac{2x}{x^2 + n^2} \leq \frac{2x}{n^2} \\ &\leq \frac{2k}{n^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\sum \frac{2k}{n^2} = 2k \sum \frac{1}{n^2} < \infty \Rightarrow \sum f_n \Rightarrow [0, k] \quad \text{na}$$

• Zäiver: $\sum f_n \xrightarrow{\text{loc}} \quad \text{na } [0, \infty)$

$$\sum f_n \xrightarrow{\quad} [0, \infty) \quad ?$$

per $n \leq N$

$$x = N$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{2N} f_n(N) = \sum_{n=1}^{2N} \ln \left(1 + \frac{2N}{N^2 + n^2} \right) \geq$$

$$\geq \sum_{n=1}^{2N} \ln \left(1 + \frac{2N}{N^2 + (2N)^2} \right) \geq (2N+1) \ln \left(1 + \frac{2}{5N} \right)$$

$$\geq N \ln \left(1 + \frac{2}{5N} \right) \xrightarrow{\frac{2}{5N} \rightarrow 0} \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\lim_{N \rightarrow \infty} \frac{N \ln \left(1 + \frac{2}{5N} \right)}{\frac{2}{5N}} = \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\exists \varepsilon = \frac{1}{5}$$

$\forall n_0$

$$n = N$$

$$x = N$$

$$m = 2N$$

N zvoleno, aby

$$N \ln \left(1 + \frac{2}{5N} \right) \geq \frac{1}{5}$$

BC podľa

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2} \text{ na } [0, \infty)$$



$$\sum \arctan \frac{2x}{x^2+n^2}$$

x fix.

$$x=0 \quad \checkmark$$

$$b_n = \sum \frac{2x}{x^2+n^2} \approx \sum \frac{1}{n^2}$$

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\arctan t}{t} = 1$$

LSE

$$\frac{f_n}{b_n}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\arctan \frac{2x}{x^2+n^2}}{\frac{2x}{x^2+n^2}} = 1$$