

(Přestávka : pokračování ve 12:40)

$$f = (e^x \cdot \cos Bx) g_1 + e^{3x} g_2$$

Řady s nezápornými členy

$$\checkmark \quad \checkmark \quad R = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n, \quad a_n \in [0, +\infty), \quad n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$$

$$\checkmark \quad \checkmark \quad R = \lim_{M \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{n=1}^M a_n \in [0, +\infty]$$

④ Sečte

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n(n+1)} = ?$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n(n+1)} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{n+1} \right) = \lim_{M \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{n=1}^M \left(\frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{n+1} \right) =$$

$$= \lim_{M \rightarrow \infty} \left(\sum_{n=1}^M \frac{1}{n} - \sum_{n=1}^M \frac{1}{n+1} \right) = \lim_{M \rightarrow \infty} \left(\sum_{n=1}^M \frac{1}{n} - \sum_{n=2}^{M+1} \frac{1}{n} \right) =$$

$$= \lim_{M \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{1}{1} - \underbrace{\frac{1}{M+1}}_{\rightarrow 0} \right) = \underline{\underline{1}}$$

Dále se budeme zabývat jen konvergencí
(nepodaří se nám řadu sečíst)

Srovnávací kritérium

$$0 \leq a_n \leq b_n, \quad n=1, 2, \dots$$

$$\bullet \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n < +\infty \Rightarrow \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n < +\infty$$

$$\bullet \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n = +\infty \Rightarrow \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n = +\infty$$

Limitní srovnávací kritérium

$$0 \leq a_n, \quad 0 \leq b_n, \quad \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{a_n}{b_n} = \mu \in (0, +\infty)$$

$$\text{Potom:} \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n < \infty \Leftrightarrow \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n < \infty$$

Je dobré si pamatovat:

$$\bullet \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} q^n = \frac{1}{1-q} < \infty \Leftrightarrow |q| < 1$$

$$\bullet \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^\alpha} < \infty \Leftrightarrow \alpha > 1$$

je stejné jako u
 $\int_1^{+\infty} \frac{1}{x^\alpha} dx$

Nutná podmínka konvergence

$$a_n \not\rightarrow 0$$

$\Rightarrow \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$ nekonzverguje

6)

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{4n}\right)$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{\pi}{4n} \in \left(0, \frac{\pi}{4}\right] \\ \rightarrow \text{dobře definováno} \\ \rightarrow \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{4n}\right) \geq 0 \end{array} \right)$$

• $\frac{\pi}{4n} \xrightarrow{n \rightarrow \infty} 0$

$\Rightarrow \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{4n}\right) \xrightarrow{n \rightarrow \infty} 0$

\Rightarrow je splněna nutná podmínka

• $\tan\left(\frac{\pi}{4n}\right) \sim \frac{\pi}{4n}, n \rightarrow \infty$

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{\tan x}{x} \rightarrow 1 \\ x = \frac{\pi}{4n} \end{array} \right)$$

limě $\sum \frac{\pi}{4n} = \frac{\pi}{4} \sum \frac{1}{n} = +\infty$

$\rightarrow \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \tan \frac{\pi}{4n}$ diverguje dle limitního srovnání

13)

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(n^{\frac{1}{n^2+1}} - 1 \right)$$

$$a_n = n^{\frac{1}{n^2+1}} - 1 = \exp\left(\frac{\ln n}{n^2+1}\right) - 1$$

Použijte limitu $\frac{e^x - 1}{x} \rightarrow 1, x \rightarrow 0$

$$\Rightarrow a_n \sim b_n = \frac{\ln n}{n^2 + 1}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\ln n}{n^2 + 1} = ?$$

Srovnám s $c_n = \frac{1}{n^{3/2}}$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{b_n}{c_n} = \frac{\ln n}{n^2 + 1} \cdot n^{3/2} = \frac{\ln n}{\sqrt{n} + n^{-3/2}} \xrightarrow{n \rightarrow \infty} 0$$

$\Rightarrow b_n \leq c_n$ pro velká n

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{3/2}} < +\infty \quad \left(\frac{3}{2} > 1\right)$$

srovnávací
kritérium

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n < +\infty$$

lim. srovnávací
kritérium

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n < +\infty$$

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$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} (\sqrt{n+1} - \sqrt{n-1})$$

$$\sim \frac{1}{n^{3/2}}, \geq \frac{1}{n^{3/2}}$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} \frac{(n+1) - (n-1)}{\sqrt{n+1} + \sqrt{n-1}} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{n} \frac{2}{\sqrt{n+1} + \sqrt{n-1}} \right) \dots K$$

(lim. srov. kritérium)

A) podielové kritérium

$$\rho = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{a_{n+1}}{a_n}$$

- $\rho > 1 \Rightarrow$ riada $\sum a_n$ diverguje
- $\rho < 1 \Rightarrow$ riada $\sum a_n$ konverguje
- ($\rho = 1$, kritérium nedáva žiadnu informáciu)

B) odmocninové kritérium

$$\rho = \limsup_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{a_n}$$

- $\rho > 1 \Rightarrow$ riada $\sum a_n$ diverguje
- $\rho < 1 \Rightarrow$ riada $\sum a_n$ konverguje
- ($\rho = 1$, kritérium nedáva žiadnu informáciu)

Pr.

(14)

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{2 \cdot 5 \cdot 8 \cdots (3n-1)}{1 \cdot 5 \cdot 9 \cdots (4n-3)} \right)$$

$$\frac{a_{n+1}}{a_n} = \frac{3n+4}{4n+1} \xrightarrow{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3}{4} = \rho < 1 \Rightarrow \text{riada } \sum a_n$$

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$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^2}{\left(\frac{\pi}{3} + \frac{1}{n}\right)^n}$$

$$\rho = \limsup_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{\frac{n^2}{\left(\frac{\pi}{3} + \frac{1}{n}\right)^n}} \stackrel{?}{=} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(\sqrt[n]{n})^2}{\frac{\pi}{3} + \frac{1}{n}} =$$

$$= \frac{3}{\pi} < 1 \dots K \text{ dle odmocninového kritéria}$$

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$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^{n + \frac{1}{n}}}{\left(n + \frac{1}{n}\right)^n}$$

$$\sqrt[n]{a_n} = \frac{n^{1 + \frac{1}{n^2}}}{n + \frac{1}{n}} = \frac{n \cdot \sqrt[n^2]{n}}{n + \frac{1}{n}} = \frac{\sqrt[n^2]{n}}{1 + \frac{1}{n^2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{a_n} = 1 \Rightarrow \text{kritérium nedává žádnou informaci}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{n}{n + \frac{1}{n}} \right)^n \cdot \underbrace{\sqrt[n^2]{n}}_1 =$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \exp\left(n \ln \left(\frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{n^2}} \right) \right)$$

$$\stackrel{\cancel{2}}{=} \exp \left(\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} n \ln \left(\underbrace{\frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{n^2}}}_{\downarrow 1} \right) \right)$$

pozřijte

$\ln x \sim x - 1$
pro $x \rightarrow 1$

$$= \exp \left(\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} n \left(\frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{n^2}} - 1 \right) \right)$$

$$= \exp \left(\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} n \left(\frac{-\frac{1}{n^2}}{1 + \frac{1}{n^2}} \right) \right)$$

$$= \exp \left(- \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \underbrace{\frac{1}{n}}_{\downarrow 0} \cdot \underbrace{\frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{n^2}}}_{\downarrow 1} \right) = \exp 0 = 1$$

Není splněna nutná podmínka konvergence!

→ $\sum a_n$ D

(chová se jako: $1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + \dots$)